

# A multi-agent based approach for energy resource management in energy communities

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# Agenda

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- Motivation
- Energy Storage Management System
- Connection to the real world
- Results
- Conclusions

# Motivation

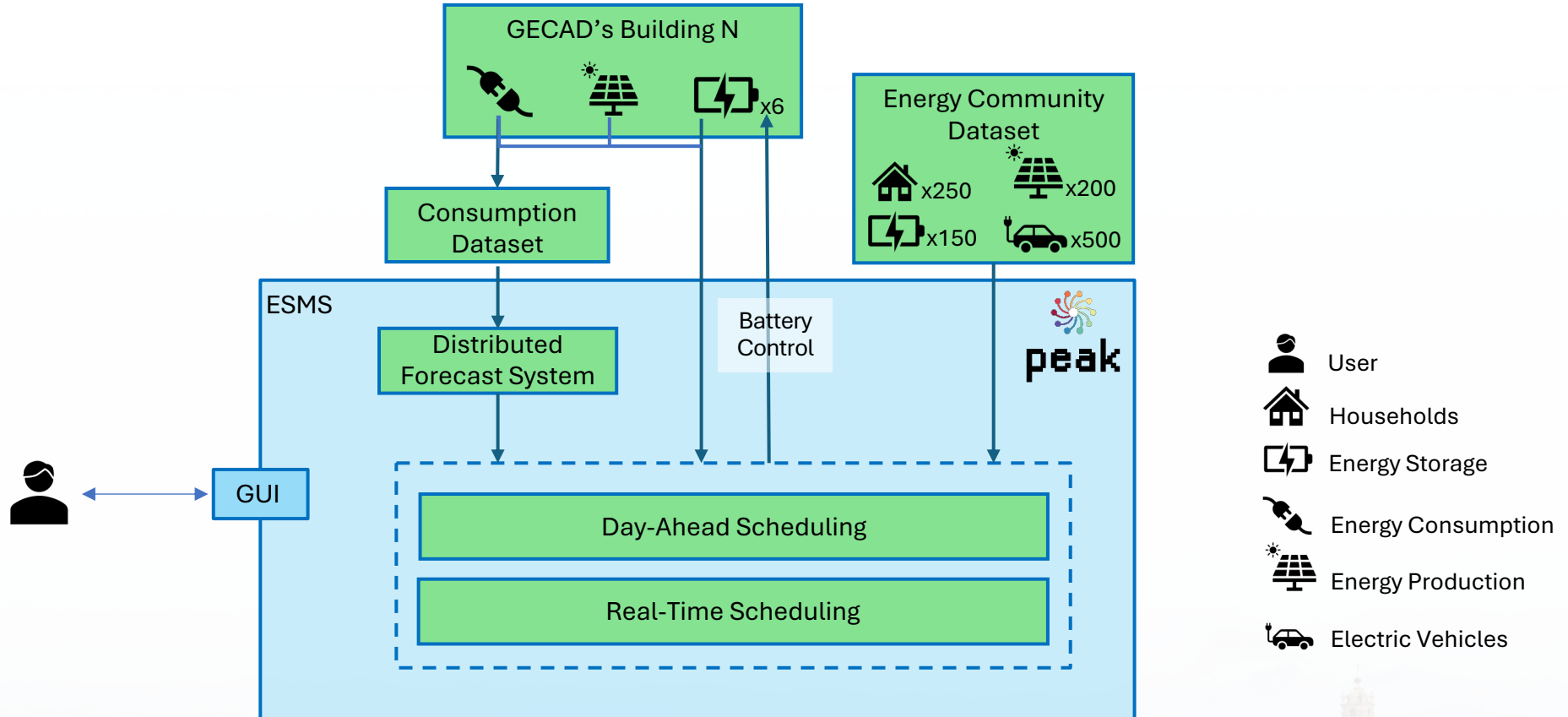
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There are a lot of multi-agent systems applications in the energy field:

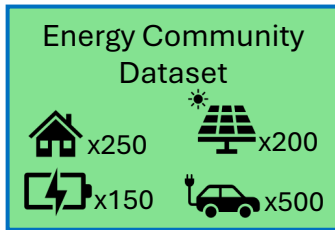
- Modeling energy communities
- Demand and response
- Energy transaction and negotiation

But there are very few works which actually deploy and test the system in real world scenarios.

# Energy Storage Management System (ESMS)

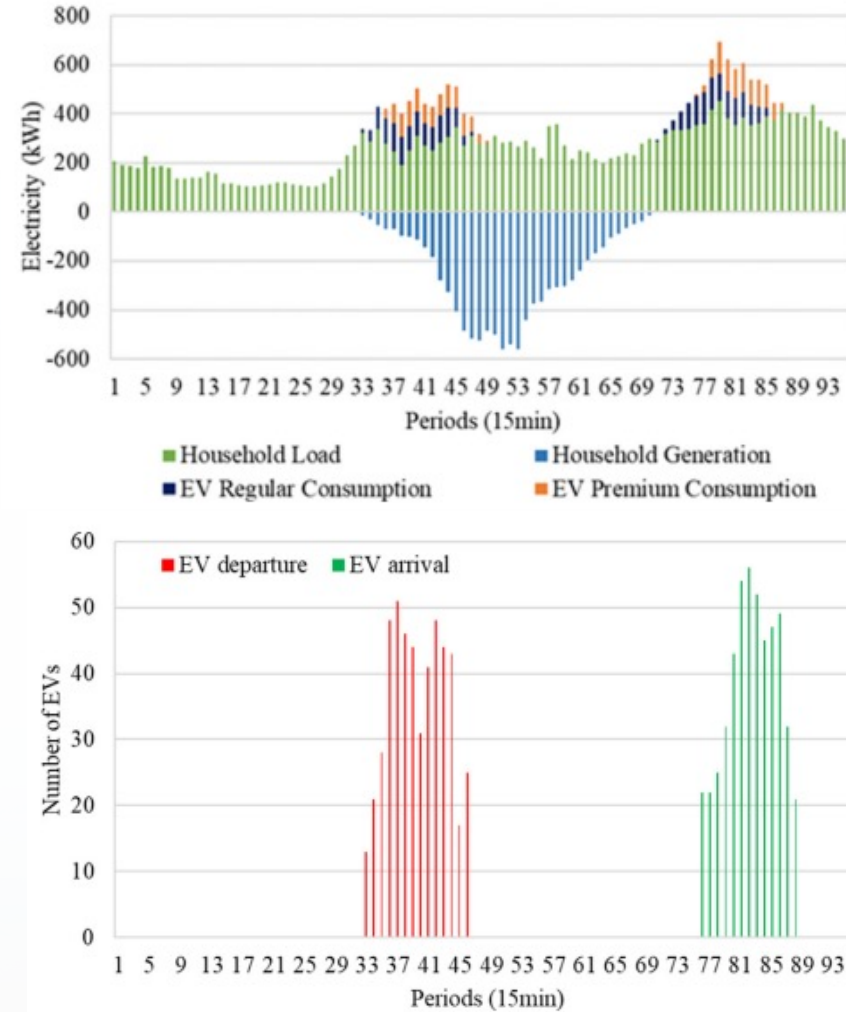


# ESMS – Energy Community Dataset











- Households
- Energy Storage
- Energy Production
- Electric Vehicles

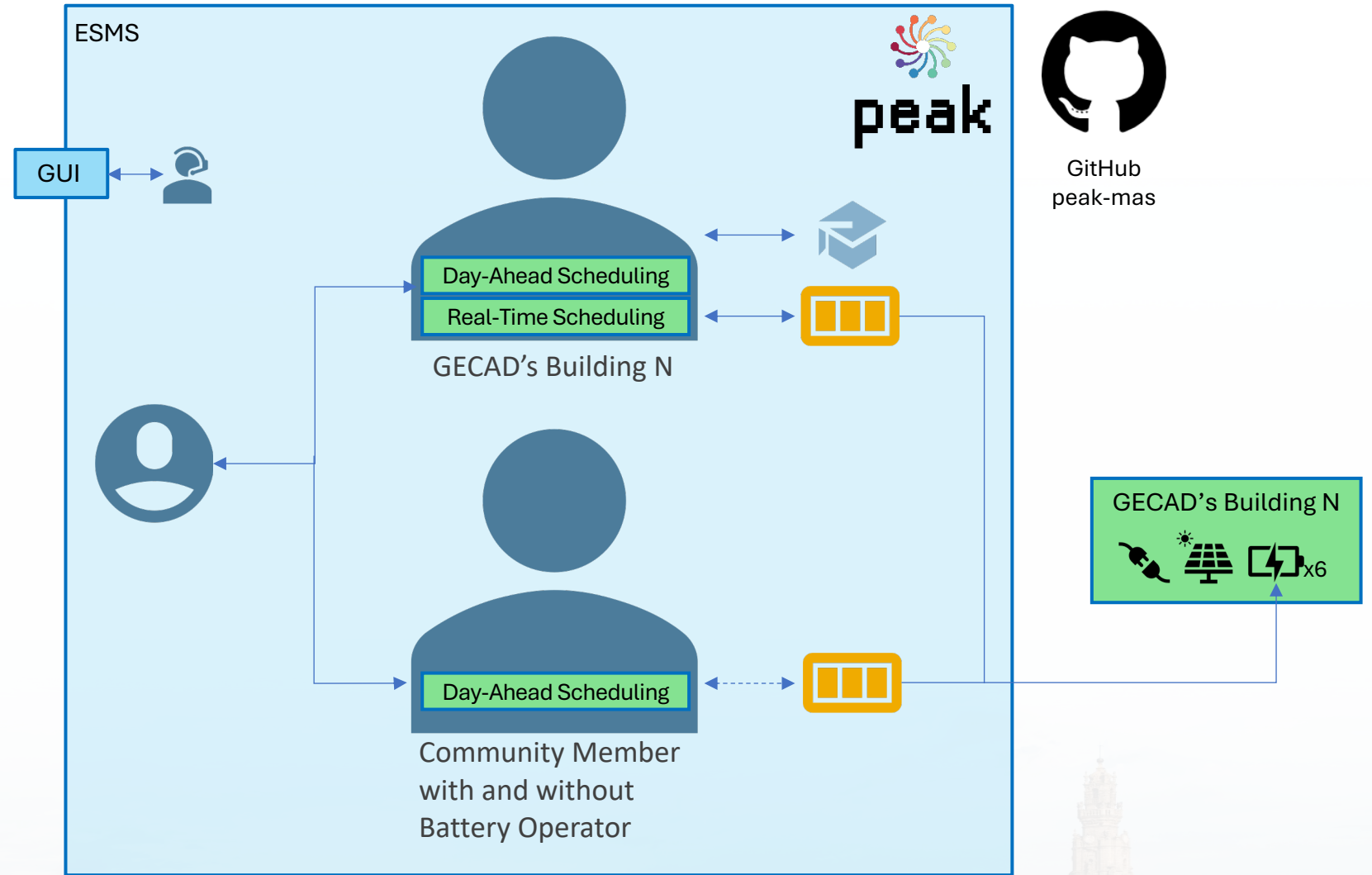
Household icon: Data from UK, London, France, Sceaux, and GECAD's building N.



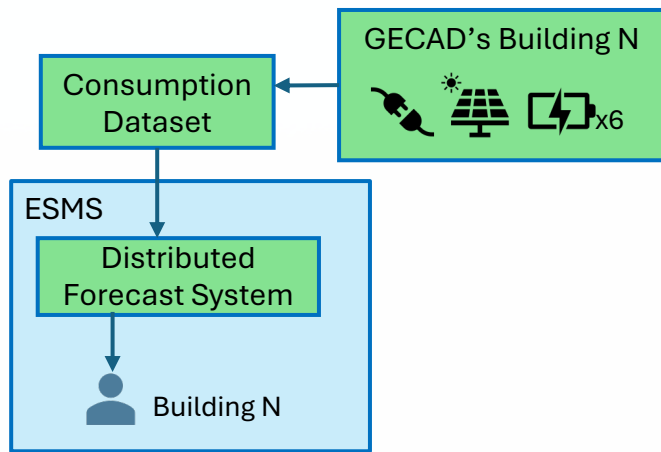
# ESMS – Multi-Agent System

## Roles and Interactions

-  x1 Community Manager
-  x250 Community Members
  -  x1 GECAD's Building N
  -  x5 with Battery Operator
  -  x244 without Battery Operator
-  x5 Battery Operators
-  x6 Forecast System Agents
-  x1 System Manager



# ESMS – Distributed Forecast System



## Forecast System Agents x6

Forecast Manager	Communicates with outside agents
Forecast Expert	Orchestrates the forecasting service
Data Engineer	Divides data into train, test and validation sets
ANN Engineer	Trains and tests the artificial neural network
Error Analyst	Calculates the error of the model
Learner	Learns the error profile of the model

Deep Neural Network – 2 hidden layers of 64 neurons

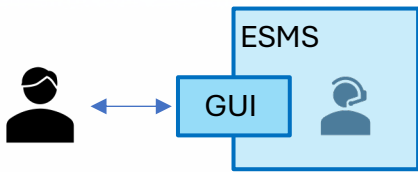
Training Data – Consumption from GECAD's Building N, 9th October to 15th October, granularity of 5 minutes.

# ESMS – Day-ahead optimization algorithm

	<b>Day-ahead algorithm*</b>	<b>Real-time algorithm</b>
Approach	Mixed integer linear programming	Genetic Algorithm
Schedule window	next day starting at mid night	Next 24 hours
Period size	15 minutes	5 minutes
Input	consumption, production, energy market prices, EVs departure and arrival hours, EVs batteries, Energy storage systems	
Output	Energy market transaction schedule, EV energy usage schedule, Battery schedule	
Execution time	at 8PM every day	Every 15 minutes (0, 15, 30, 45)



# Energy Storage Management System (ESM)



## Energy Storage Management

with Evolutionary Algorithms, Machine Learning, Multi-Agent Systems and Real-Time Simulation

### Energy Community

- Community Manager
- Member
- Hardware Battery
- Forecast System

A large circular network diagram representing the energy community. It consists of many small blue person icons (members) arranged in a circle. A few icons are highlighted in yellow, representing hardware batteries. A central icon is labeled 'Energy Community Manager (Building N)'. The network is interconnected, showing the flow of energy between members and the manager.

### Battery Operator 2

Grid LL	Voltage	Current
-0.633 kW	48.9 V DC	-13.9 A DC
Power		
-0.679 kW		

schedule

Target Power (W)

0

Submit

### Battery State of Charge

42%

### Battery Operation Scheduling (today)

The graph shows Energy (kWh) on the y-axis (ranging from -1 to 1) versus Periods (15min) on the x-axis (ranging from 00:00 to 22:45). A blue line represents the 'charge' state, showing positive values (discharge) during the day and negative values (charge) at night. A vertical dashed line is at 13:00.

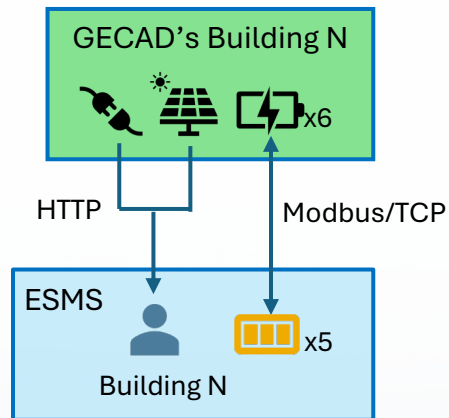
# Connection to the real-world – GECAD's Building N



GECAD's Building N



Energy Storage System with six batteries



## Consumption and Production

SCADA - supervisory control and data acquisition  
HTTP/s  
Photovoltaic plant  
Consumption

## Energy Storage

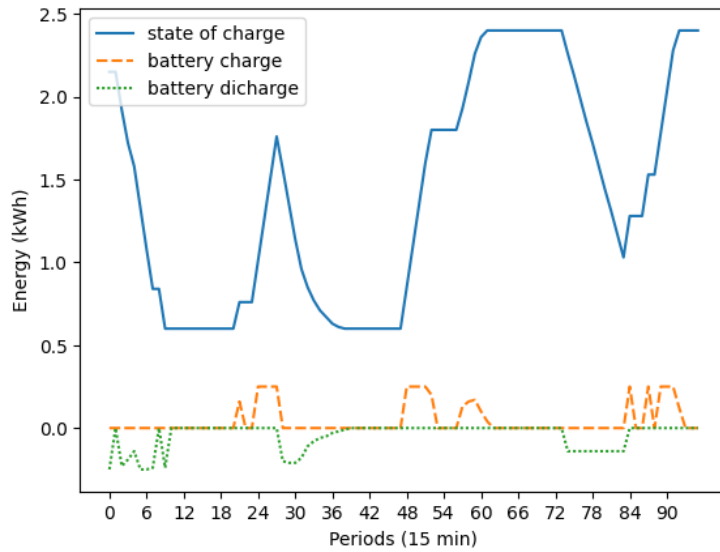
Victron Energy  
Modbus/TCP

6 batteries:

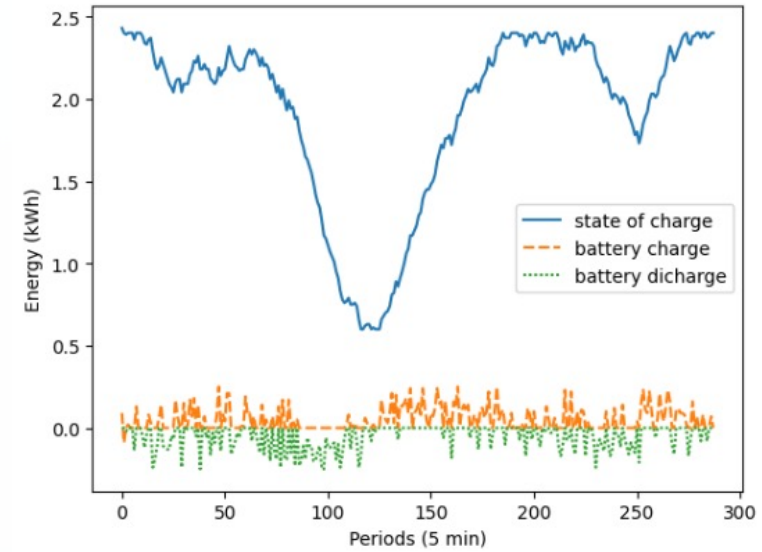
- 3 with 2.4 kWh
- 3 with 3.5 kWh

Security layers limits discharge below 25%.

# Results – Battery schedules comparisson



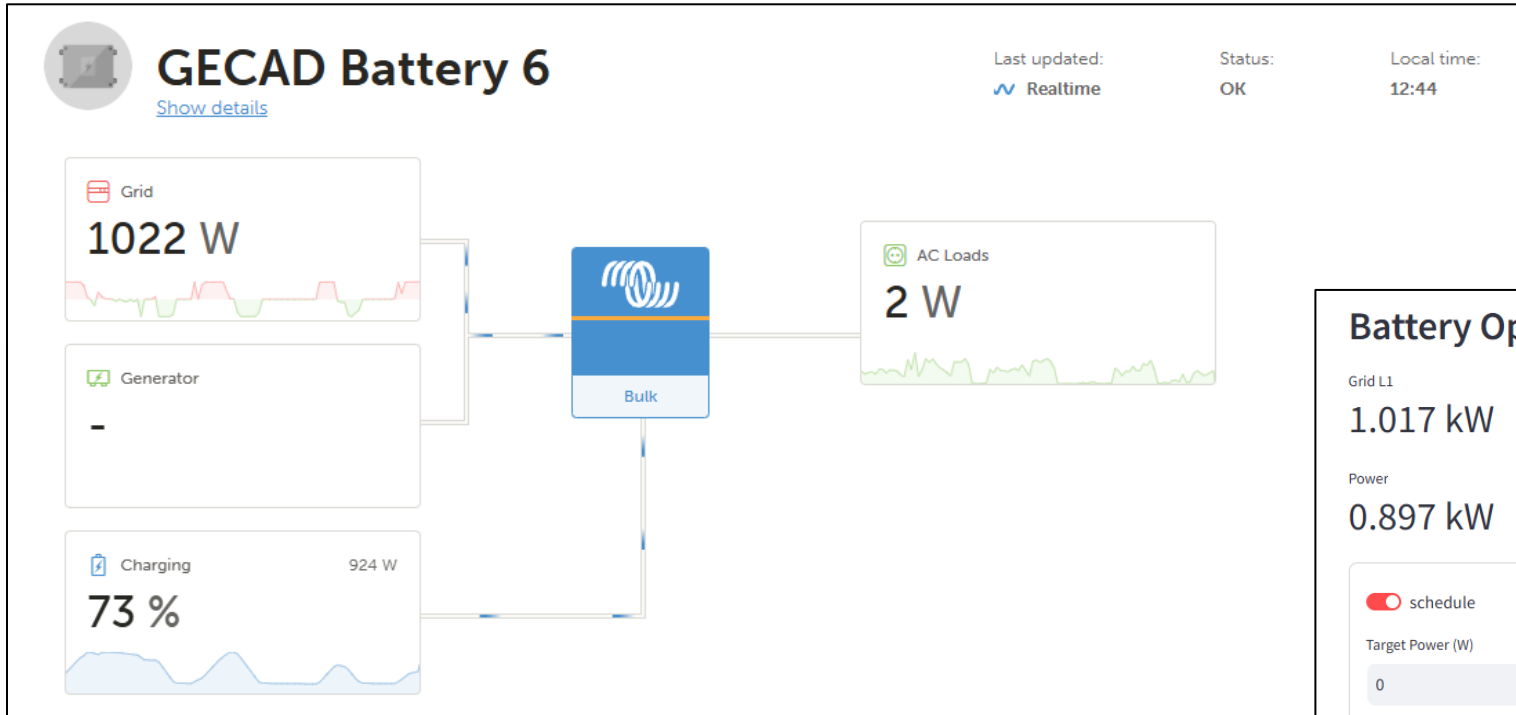
Full day schedule of day-ahead algorithm.



Full day schedule of real-time algorithm.

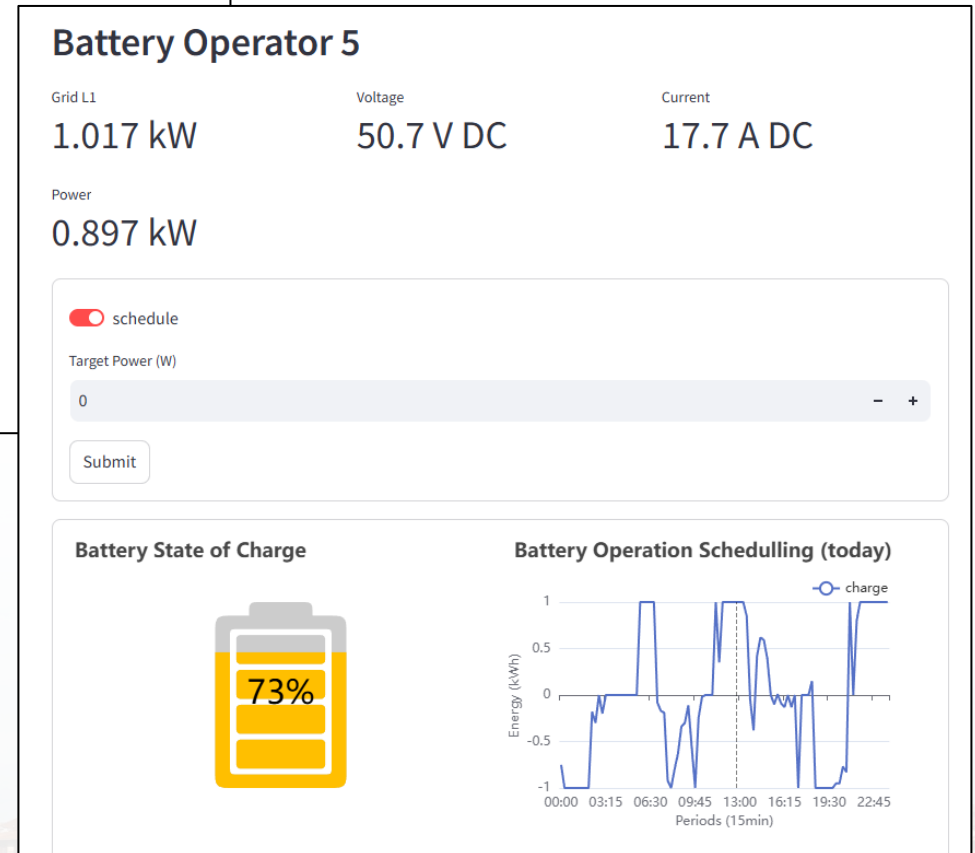
Both used the same 2.4 kWh battery.

# Results – Battery usage in real-time

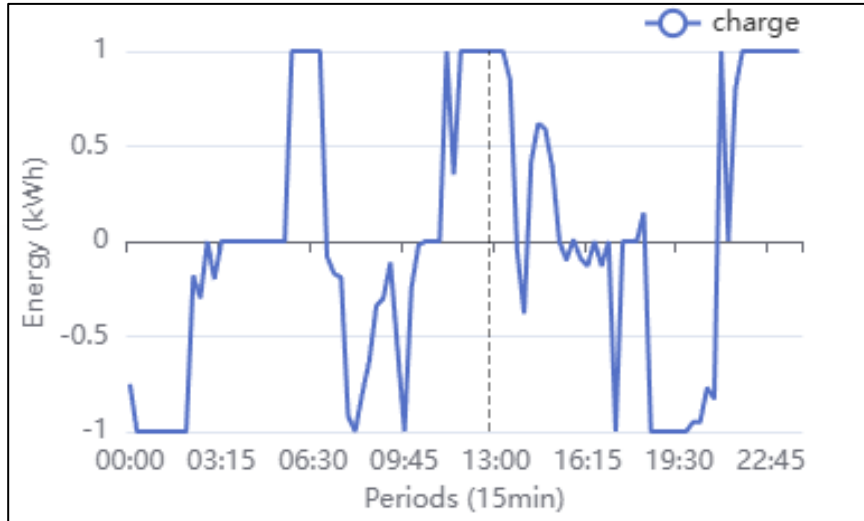


Victron Energy Portal – Battery 6

ESMS Dashboard – Battery Operator 5

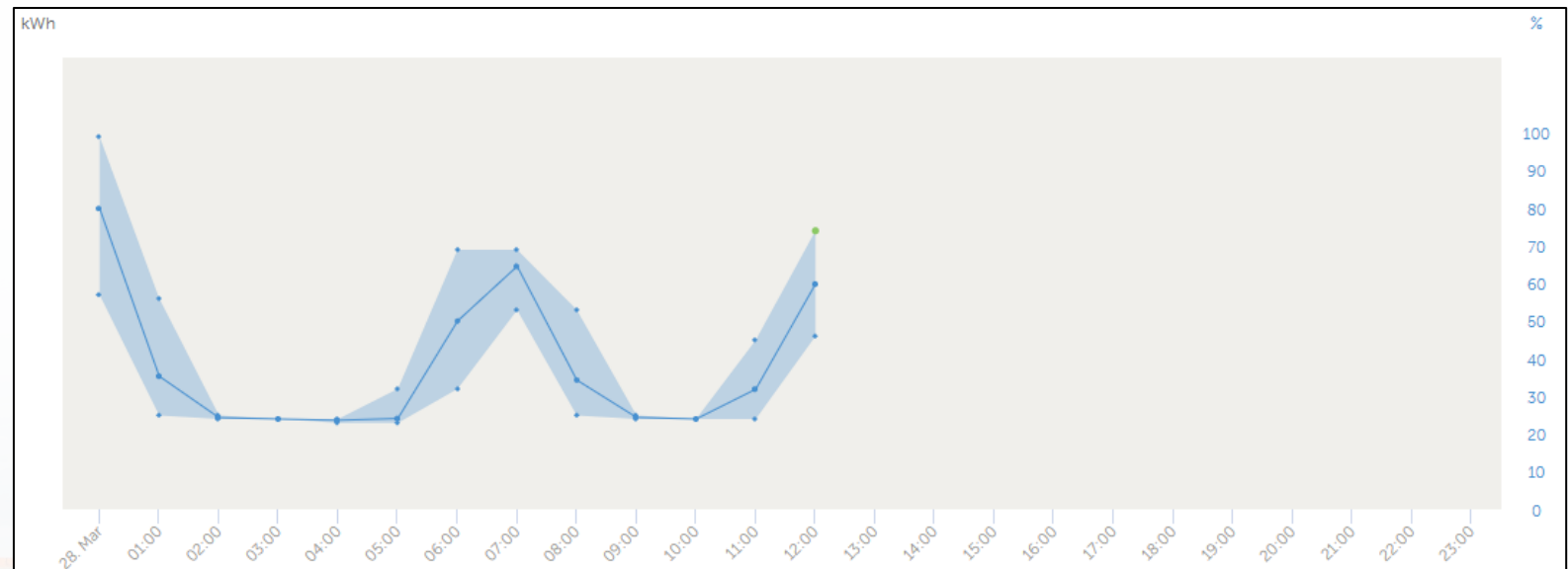


# Results – Battery usage in real-time



Battery Operator 5 – Battery Schedule

Victron Energy Portal – Battery 6 – State of Charge



# Conclusions

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- The scheduling algorithms could adapt to the consumption data of the real building
- The battery schedules were applied to the physical batteries and produced the expected energy profiles

## Future Work

- Feed more data into the algorithms (production forecast, state of charge and current charge of the battery, etc)
- Battery degradation algorithm
- Battery life expectancy algorithm

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